

unexplained variation. Third, for demands that have 3 or more bid-points, 93% of the variability is captured by a linear regression. This result is similar to what Hortacsu finds for Turkish auctions. Theoretically there is no reason for bid-points to be nearly co-linear. At the same time, game-theoretic models of share auctions are quite difficult to implement. This pattern in demands may play an important role in developing feasible and robust estimation methods.

The views expressed in the paper are those of the author and do not represent those of the Banco de la Republica or its Board of Directors. All the information in the paper corresponds to the applicable in 2007.